

Boards inscribed with the Constitution of India-Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Indian Pledge





Fundamental Rights

Fundamental Rights are enshrined in part III of the Constitution from Article 12 to 35.

1) Right to Equality: Article 14 to 18.

- Equality before law and equal protection of law (Article-14).
- Prohibition of discrimination on grounds of religion, race, caste, sex or place of birth (Article-15).
- Equality of opportunity in matters of public employment (Article-16).
- Abolition of untouchability and prohibition of its practice (Article-17).
- Abolition of titles except military and academic (Article-18).

2) Right to Freedom: Article 19 to 22

- As per Article-19 of the constitution, all citizens shall have the right—
(i) to freedom of speech and expression.
(ii) to assemble peaceably and without arms
(iii) to form associations or unions
(iv) to move freely throughout the territory of India.
(v) to reside and settle in any part of the territory of India.
(vi) to practice any profession.

- Protection in respect of conviction for offences (Article-20).
- Protection of life and personal liberty (Article-21).
- Right to elementary education (Article-21-A).
- Protection against arrest and detention in certain cases (Article-22).

3) Right against Exploitation: Article 23 to 24

- Prohibition of traffic in human beings and forced labour (Article-23).
- Prohibition of employment of children in factories, etc (Article-24).

4) Right to Freedom of Religion: Article 25 to 28

- Freedom of conscience and free profession, practice and propagation of religion (Article-25).
- Freedom to manage religious affairs (Article-26).
- Freedom from payment of taxes for promotion of any religion (Article-27).
- Freedom from attending religious instruction or worship in certain educational institutions (Article-28).

5) Cultural and Educational Rights: Article 29 to 30

- Protection of language, script and culture of minorities (Article-29).
- Right of minorities to establish and administer educational institutions (Article-30).

6) Right to Constitutional Remedies: Article 32

- Right to move the court for the enforcement of fundamental rights including the writs of i) Habeas Corpus, ii) Mandamus, iii) Prohibition, iv) Certiorari and v) Quo-warranto (Article-32).



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सत्यमेव जयते

MY INDIA PLEDGE

India is my country. All Indians are my brothers and sisters.
I appreciate and celebrate our cultural, linguistic, ethnic and religious diversity.
Living together in love and peace is our strength.
Justice for everyone and opportunity for all is my vision.
Inclusive education and global learning is my aspiration.
Any form of hatred and violence is against my ethical principle.
I want to grow in a democratic space guaranteed by my constitution.
I respect the dignity of all as children of God.
I appreciate the rights and duties of all citizens of this great country.
I welcome the global opportunities to learn, labour and live the joy of life.
As fellow citizens of the 21st century, we are committed to the common destiny
of a beautiful world of love, justice and fraternity.

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